

## **ERRATUM**

*Learning to Save, Saving to Learn: Early Impacts of the learn\$ave Individual Development Accounts Project* (January 2008)

### **Executive Summary:**

An alternative model was used to calculate the average levels adjusted to balanced characteristics. The revised levels more precisely represent a typical research sample member. This affects only the data, not the impacts.

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By month 18, members of the *learn\$ave-only* group had saved, on average, \$679 — 50 per cent — more than the control group, which did not have the matched savings credits (Figure ES.1).

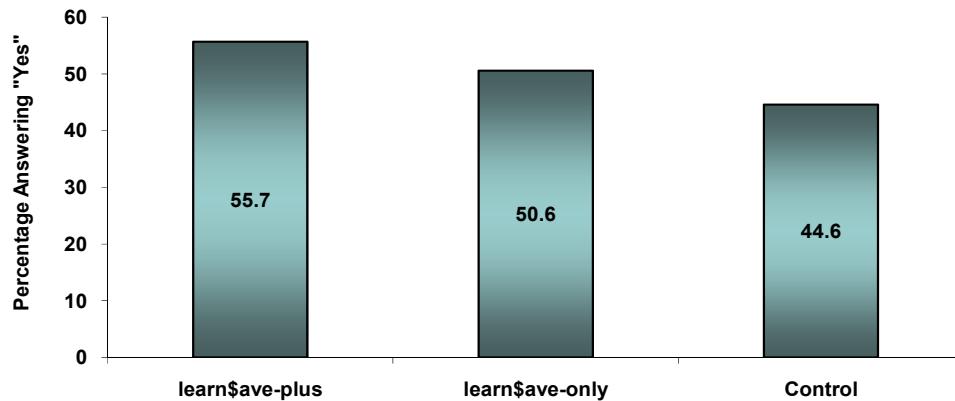
**Figure ES.1: Impact of *learn\$ave* on Average Balance in Bank Accounts**



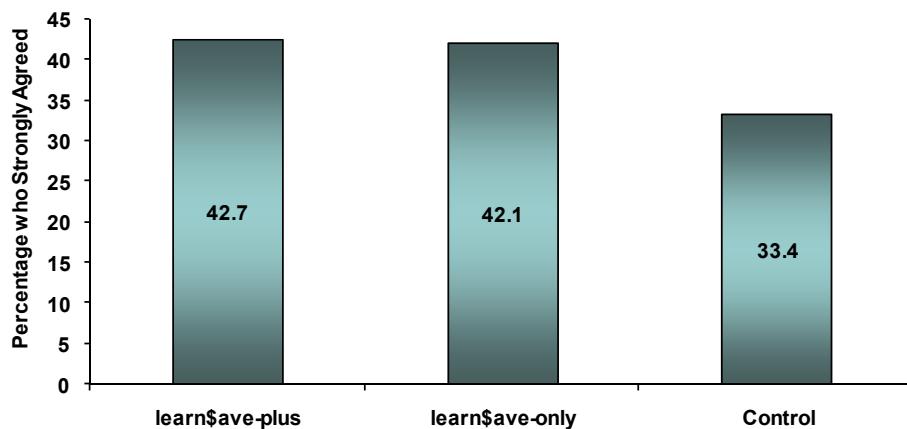
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As a result of *learn\$ave*, participants were more likely to have a budget (55.7 versus 44.6 per cent for the control group) (Figure ES.2).

**Figure ES.2: Impact of *learn\$ave* on Budgeting Activity: Percentage of People who Said “Yes” to the Question, “Do you have a household budget?”**



**Figure ES.3: Impact of *learn\$ave* on Attitudes Towards Education: Percentage of People who Strongly Agreed With the Statement, “Getting a good job depends on my education”**



**Full report:**

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By month 18, members of the *learn\$ave*-only group had saved, on average, \$679 — 50 per cent — more than the control group.

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The results (Table 5.2) indicate that, at 18 months, *learn\$ave*-only participants had \$2,037 on average in their accounts, which was \$679 or 50 per cent greater than the control group. Another way of looking at this is that without *learn\$ave*, participants' savings would have been 33.3 per cent lower. [...] Participants in the *learn\$ave*-only group on average had liquid assets valued at \$2,248. This was \$528 or 30.7 per cent higher than that of the control group.

**Table 5.2: Impacts on Savings and Other Components of Net Worth at 18 Months (\$)**

	Outcome Level (Average)			<i>learn\$ave-only</i> vs. control		<i>learn\$ave-only</i> vs. <i>learn\$ave plus</i>		<i>learn\$ave-plus</i> vs. control	
	<i>learn\$ave-</i> only	<i>learn\$ave-</i> plus	Control	Impact of financial incentive	Standard Error	Added impact of services	Standard Error	Impact of incentive plus services	Standard Error
<b>Personal assets</b>									
Bank accounts <sup>1</sup>	2,037	2,020	1,358	679 ***	176	-17	169	662 ***	180
Formal retirement savings plan <sup>2</sup>	487	543	399	88	82	56	78	144 *	84
Homeownership saving plan	65	38	85	-20	30	-26	29	-46	30
GICs, terms deposits, bonds <sup>3</sup>	119	174	197	-78	86	55	75	-23	87
Stocks, mutual funds	7	5	17	-10	13	-2	13	-12	13
Savings at home	86	97	148	-62 **	30	11	28	-51 *	30
Value of goods in house	3,685	3,316	4,225	-539	450	-369	388	-908 *	504
Other financial assets	324	338	337	-13	133	14	115	1	126
<b>Personal liabilities</b>									
Credit cards	1,127	1,102	1,202	-76	181	-25	177	-101	180
Student loans	4,767	4,464	4,224	542	402	-302	378	240	399
Installment loans	10	8	9	0	6	-2	5	-2	6
Other bank loans	158	115	166	-8	71	-42	67	-50	71
Pawnbroker, etc. loans	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Family loans	72	101	209	-137 **	69	29	65	-109	69
Other debt	80	101	91	-11	28	21	27	10	28
Overdue utility payments <sup>4</sup>	2	1	9	-7	6	-1	5	-8	6
<b>Property</b>									
House	13,055	11,468	12,091	964	2,088	-1,587	1,962	-623	2,135
Other property	11,680	10,065	10,477	1,203	2,038	-1,615	1,907	-412	2,081
Automobile	124	209	507	-382 *	227	85	213	-298	227
	1,251	1,194	1,107	143	99	-56	94	87	99
<b>Debt on property</b>									
House	8,632	7,612	8,856	-224	1,799	-1,020	1,490	-1,244	1,722
Other property	7,958	7,065	8,163	-205	1,756	-893	1,454	-1,097	1,685
Automobile	-10	121	167	-176	121	131	115	-45	121
	684	425	527	157	128	-258 **	120	-102	126
<b>Overall</b>									
Personal assets (non-property/business)	6,809	6,531	6,765	44	500	-278	488	-234	593
Liquid assets (financial, non-pension)	2,248	2,296	1,720	528 ***	201	47	195	576 ***	201
Personal liabilities	6,215	5,892	5,912	303	464	-323	435	-20	456
Net property assets (house and car)	4,422	3,856	3,235	1,188	1,449	-567	1,302	621	1,447
Net business assets	35	198	110	-75	196	163	188	88	252
Net worth	5,052	4,693	4,198	854	1,657	-359	1,461	495	1,636
Sample size	920	915	748						

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Program group participants were much less likely to purchase a computer in this period than control group participants (about 22 versus 30 per cent [Table 5.3]).

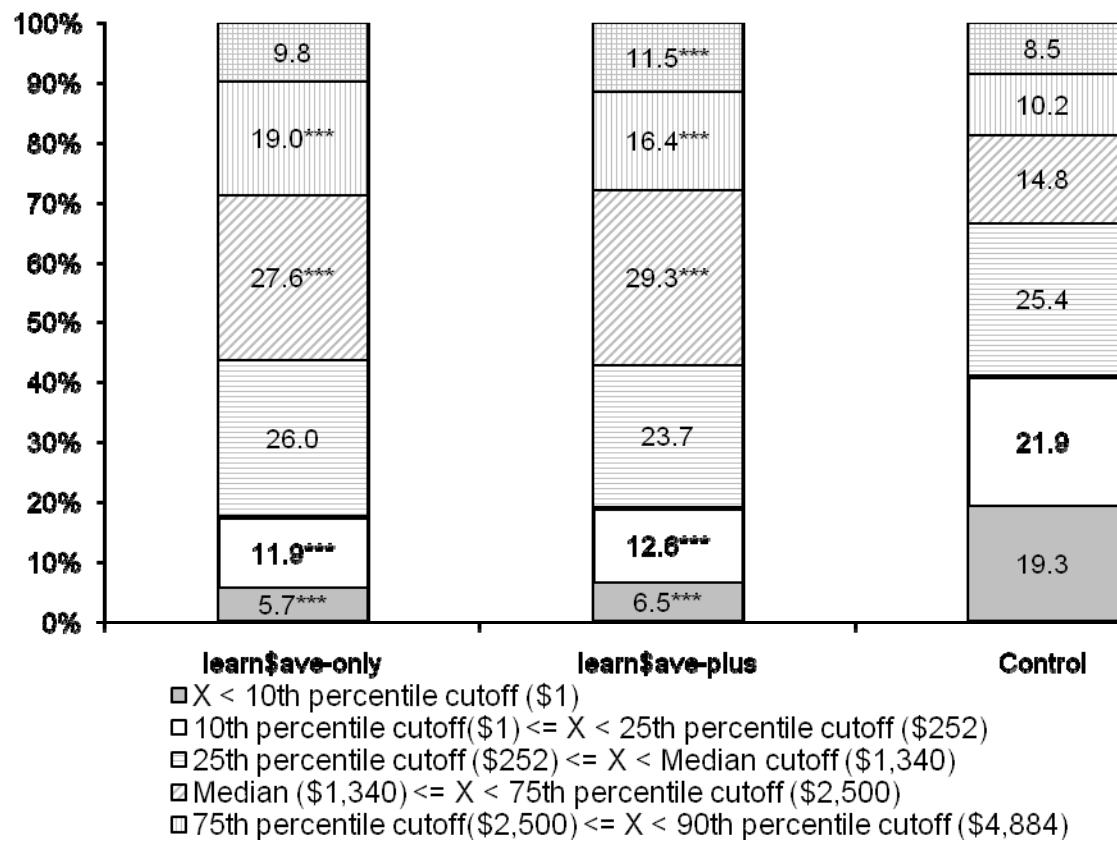
**Table 5.3: Impacts on Budgeting and Hardship at 18 Months — Incidence**

	<u>Outcome Levels</u>			<i>learn\$ave-only</i> vs. control		<i>learn\$ave-only</i> vs. <i>learn\$ave-plus</i>		<i>learn\$ave-plus</i> vs. control	
	<i>learn\$ave-</i> only	<i>learn\$ave-</i> plus	Control	Impact of financial incentive	Standard Error	Added impact of services	Standard Error	Impact of incentive plus services	Standard Error
<b>budgetgetting (at Time of Interview)</b>									
% who budgeted	50.6	55.7	44.6	6.0 **	2.4	5.1 **	2.2	11.1 ***	2.4
% who set financial goals	61.2	68.6	56.2	5.1 **	2.4	7.4 ***	2.2	12.4 ***	2.4
<b>Hardship (in Previous 12 Months)</b>									
% who had difficulty meeting expenses	32.1	30.6	33.5	-1.3	2.2	-1.6	2.1	-2.9	2.2
% who had to borrow to meet needs	23.8	24.1	25.3	-1.5	2.0	0.3	1.9	-1.2	2.0
% who used a foodbank	6.6	7.5	5.8	0.8	1.2	0.9	1.2	1.7	1.2
% who declared bankruptcy	0.2	0.6	0.9	-0.7 *	0.4	0.3	0.3	-0.4	0.4
<b>Computer Purchase</b>									
% who purchased a computer since last interview	21.9	22.4	30.3	-8.4 ***	2.1	0.5	2.0	-7.9 ***	2.1
<b>Sample size</b>	<b>920</b>	<b>915</b>	<b>748</b>						

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As noted above, program group members have, on average, a significantly greater amount of liquid asset holdings than control group members. This increase is derived mainly from participants at the lower end of the distribution moving up. Participants in the *learn\$ave-only* group were much less likely to be in the lowest two quantiles (17.6 per cent) than control group members (41.2 per cent). Conversely, participants in the *learn\$ave-only* group were much more likely to be in the fourth quantile (27.6 per cent) than control group members (14.8 per cent).

**Figure 5.1: Adjusted Distribution of Participants According to their Liquid Assets, by Research Group**



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In fact, one positive and significant finding is that participants in the *learn\$ave-only* group were significantly more likely to have a budget than control group participants (50.6 versus 44.6 per cent; see Table 5.3). There was also a statistically significant difference of similar magnitude between the two program groups (*learn\$ave-plus* versus *learn\$ave-only*: 55.7 versus 50.6 per cent).

**Table 6.1: Impacts on Attitudes towards Education — Percentage Distribution at 18 Months (Education Stream)**

	Outcome Levels			<i>learn \$ave-only</i> vs. Control		<i>learn \$ave-only</i> vs. <i>learn \$ave-plus</i>		<i>learn \$ave-plus</i> vs. Control	
	<i>learn \$ave-</i> only	<i>learn \$ave-</i> plus	Control	Impact of fincancial incentive	Standard Error	Added impact of services	Standard Error	Impact of incentive plus services	Standard Error
<b>Getting a good job depends on my education</b>									
Strongly disagree	0.9	0.8	1.8	-1.0 *	0.7	-0.1	0.5	-1.1 *	0.6
Disagree	5.7	6.5	10.1	-4.4 ***	1.4	0.7	1.4	-3.6 **	1.4
Agree	51.4	50.1	54.6	-3.3	2.7	-1.3	2.6	-4.6 *	2.7
Strongly agree	42.1	42.7	33.4	8.6 ***	2.7	0.7	2.5	9.3 ***	2.7
<b>I need more schooling to find a good job</b>									
Strongly disagree	0.7	0.6	1.3	-0.6	0.5	0.0	0.5	-0.6	0.5
Disagree	9.9	10.0	14.6	-4.7 ***	1.7	0.1	1.6	-4.6 ***	1.7
Agree	52.0	55.1	51.3	0.7	2.8	3.1	2.6	3.9	2.8
Strongly agree	37.4	34.2	32.9	4.5 *	2.6	-3.1	2.5	1.4	2.6
<b>No matter how much education I get, I will most likely end up with a low-paying job</b>									
Strongly disagree	25.1	26.3	23.4	1.7	2.4	1.2	2.2	2.9	2.4
Disagree	61.2	59.3	55.0	6.2 **	2.8	-1.9	2.6	4.3	2.8
Agree	12.5	13.0	18.4	-5.9 ***	1.9	0.5	1.8	-5.5 ***	1.9
Strongly agree	1.2	1.4	3.1	-1.9 **	0.7	0.2	0.7	-1.7 **	0.8
<b>It is not worth going into debt to go to school</b>									
Strongly disagree	13.8	9.6	11.8	1.9	1.8	-4.1 **	1.7	-2.2	1.8
Disagree	61.6	66.0	56.1	5.6 **	2.8	4.4 *	2.6	10.0 ***	2.8
Agree	21.5	21.4	28.2	-6.7 ***	2.4	-0.1	2.3	-6.8 ***	2.4
Strongly agree	3.1	3.0	3.9	-0.8	1.0	-0.1	1.0	-0.9	1.0
<b>Sample size</b>	<b>748</b>	<b>738</b>	<b>605</b>						

**Table 6.2: Impacts on Participation in Education and Training at 18 Months (Education Stream)**

	Outcome Levels			<i>learn \$ave-only</i> vs. Control		<i>learn \$ave-only</i> vs. <i>learn \$ave-plus</i>		<i>learn \$ave-plus</i> vs. Control	
	<i>learn \$ave-</i> only	<i>learn \$ave-</i> plus	Control	Impact of financial incentive	Standard Error	Impact of services	Standard Error	Impact of incentive plus services	Standard Error
<b>Overall (Program or Individual Course)</b>									
Enrolled in any education in first 18 months (%)	64.0	65.3	65.6	-1.5	2.6	1.3	2.4	-0.2	2.6
<b>Educational Programs</b>									
Enrolled in courses toward a degree, diploma or certificate (%)	44.8	45.7	42.7	2.1	2.7	0.9	2.5	3.0	2.7
Program type (first program) (%)									
English as a second language (ESL)	3.0	4.3	3.9	-0.9	1.0	1.3	1.0	0.4	1.0
High school	3.0	1.8	1.7	1.3	0.8	-1.2	0.8	0.1	0.8
Registered apprenticeship	5.4	3.9	5.3	0.1	1.2	-1.4	1.1	-1.3	1.2
Community college	17.9	19.8	19.3	-1.4	2.1	2.0	2.0	0.5	2.2
University	15.5	15.9	12.6	2.9	1.9	0.3	1.8	3.3 *	1.9
Completed program in 18 months (%)	13.1	12.5	12.3	0.8	1.8	-0.6	1.7	0.3	1.8
<b>Individual Courses, not Part of a Program</b>									
Enrolled in other (non-program) education courses, seminars, etc. (%)	26.3	26.1	29.5	-3.2	2.4	-0.2	2.3	-3.4	2.4
Completed one or more courses (%)	19.1	20.2	24.5	-5.4 **	2.2	1.1	2.1	-4.3 *	2.2
Sample size	748	738	605						